What We Have Done

1. We will create new opportunities to listen to, and learn from, our students and colleagues.

The Act explicitly called us to convene three faculty moderated conversations in AY 20-21 with our students, colleagues and alumni.

Faculty members in the Department organized and moderated the following three events, co-sponsored with the Rockefeller Center, in fall, winter and spring of that academic year.

- The fall 2020 event titled "Demand Racial Justice: Student Perspectives on the Black Lives Matter Protests" (organized and moderated by Friedman and Lyall) discussed with five of our students their experience and reflections in engaging with various protests that had taken place earlier that year.
- The winter 2021 event titled "How we study race: a discussion across disciplines" (co-sponsored with the Consortium of Studies in Race, Migration and Sexuality and the Ethics Institute) (organized and moderated by Bedi) discussed various methodologies of studying race and racial justice with colleagues from English, History, Sociology, WGSS, and AAAS. The event was also shown to prospective students by the Admissions Office and allowed the Department to publicly engage with other departments and programs about these issues.
- The spring 2021 event titled "Working for Justice: Dartmouth Alumni on Pursuing Racial and Social Justice in Your Career" (organized and moderated by Rose and Nyhan) discussed with three of our alumni their professional work in advancing racial and social justice.

In addition to these three events, the Rockefeller Center (directed by Barabas) organized events that engaged with issues of race and racial justice, including: "What Now? 2020 Presidential Post-Election Analysis" with a diverse set of junior scholars (fall 2020) (moderated by Costa); "Race Against Time: The Politics of a Darkening America" with Keith Boykin '87 (fall
Government faculty also organized similar events through the Dickey Center including: "How to build an anti-racist foreign policy" (with Travis Adkins) (fall 2020) (moderated by Powers); "Diversity and Inclusion in the Military" (fall 2020) (moderated by Lyall) with two of our students/veterans.

After the March 16th mass shooting in Atlanta, which took the lives of eight individuals including six Asian/American women, Horiuchi reached out to employee, student and alumni organizations that support Asian/Americans at Dartmouth. We shared the growing concern of violence and racism against Asian/Americans. With other leaders of employee and student organizations, Horiuchi attended a meeting with the Provost, the Special Advisor to the President, and the (incoming) Senior Vice President & Senior Diversity Officers to express concerns about Dartmouth’s responses.

Horiuchi was also interviewed by the Valley News after the Atlanta shooting and expressed his views publicly. An article based in part on this interview was published on March 28, 2021.

In summer and fall 2020, Baldez participated in planning of the Dartmouth Symposium on Police Violence and moderated the keynote address on "The Role of Race: The Practice of Pivoting to Police as Problem-Solvers in Uncertain Times," by Dominque Day, Founder/Director, DAYLIGHT and Chair, UN Working Group of Experts on People of African Descent. The event took place in January 2021.

The Department used a diversity-specific channel within the Department’s Slack workspace to discuss issues related to diversity and inclusivity.

2. We will deepen our commitment to diversity and inclusion within the department.

The Act invites the Department to review hiring practices in ways that advance our commitment to diversity and inclusion as well as engage in outreach to our students and to political scientists outside of Dartmouth in ways that advance this commitment.

With regard to hiring, there was a discussion and review of faculty hiring processes (led by Lacy) at our May 2021 meeting and all hiring committee members took part in the IDE faculty search workshops. As a result of those discussions, the Department conducted a search in African American Politics and Political theory (the committee includes Clarke and Jerit, co-chairs; Nyhan and Rose). As part of that search, the committee contacted more than eighty people in order to expand the quality, diversity, and size of the candidate pool for this position. Additionally, two subfields (American Politics and Political Theory) conducted this search, which
not only enlarged the possible pool of applicants but also means that any successful hire will have senior faculty in another subfield familiar with their work. Also, the job advertisement explicitly included the option of an affiliation with the Program in African and African American Studies (AAAS). And faculty affiliated with AAAS also met with the job candidates and attended the job talks. The search succeeded in recruiting a colleague to teach in the area of African American Politics and Political theory.

The search committee for the Globalization Chair (the committee included Lyall, Treb Allen (Economics), Davin Chor (Tuck), and was chaired by Baldez) sought to increase the diversity of the applicant pool by reaching out to individuals and organizations with emails indicating that our goal was “to build the strongest and most diverse candidate pool possible.” We contacted, among others, each of the 12 members of the APSR editorial team and select members of the APSR Editorial Board; editors and select editorial board members of Comparative Political Studies; the officers of NCOBPS; the Race, Ethnicity, and Politics section of APSA list serve; the Latino Caucus of the APSA list serve; the Women and Politics section of the APSA list serve and Facebook page; the Women Also Know Stuff database; and the People of Color Also Know Stuff database.

The Department also submitted a request to the Guarini Institute for a two-year postdoctoral position in the politics of race and ethnicity. This request was approved and the Department is also conducting a search for this new position (the committee includes Crabtree, Costa, Swaine; chair; Horiuchi).

With regard to student outreach, the Department publicized the Mellon Mays fellowship to the department receiving one department wide nomination/recommendation in winter 2021. This fellowship, as we’ve subsequently learned, is only available to our political theory students. Also, a faculty member (Powers) contacted the Minority Pre-law student association to connect with DOJ attorneys from underrepresented groups for a Q&A session on legal careers in government.

With regard to political scientists outside of Dartmouth, a faculty member (Horiuchi) contacted the Guarini Institute’s Program/exchange coordinator to obtain information about Dartmouth’s current relationship with Spelman and Morehouse, two historically black colleges, and also worked with a colleague at Spelman on an APSA committee. Due to the travel restriction, none could attend the National Conference of Black Political Scientists. The Department can continue to follow up on this outreach to our colleagues outside of Dartmouth.

The Act specifically asked us to establish two student research fellowships for the study of race and racism, to begin in either winter or spring 2021, which would take the form of independent studies under the supervision of a faculty advisor and of paid research assistantships to support students working with faculty members on research projects related to these topics. In winter 2021, the Department provided students the choice of pursuing research in this area as either an independent study or a research assistantship. In winter 2022, the Department provided another student a research assistantship opportunity.
Eleven students opted for research assistantships, (advised by Crabtree and Horiuchi) as RAs in "Research Fellowship on Race and Racism" during winter and spring 2021. Based on a systematic data collection on the post-violence statements (after the Atlanta Shooting and the killing of George Floyd) issued by the university presidents across more than 300 universities in the U.S., Crabtree and Horiuchi co-authored an article with the students and published in the Times Higher Education. Crabtree and Horiuchi continue to work with two of these students, aiming to publish a few scholarly articles based on the data they have collected.

In winter 2022, Horiuchi is working with three students to understand the fluidity of racial identity and partisanship in the context of the first anniversary of the January 6 Capitol Riot. This project is based on a GOVT10 group project during the fall term in 2021. Two of the students working on this project will receive credit for an independent research project under Horiuchi’s supervision and another student will work as a part-time RA funded by the department.

The Rockefeller Center also funded two research assistantships with students from underrepresented groups on campus (advised by Barabas), one which led to a two-term UGAR scholarship award. The UGAR also funded a two-term research project on the history of Black students and faculty in the Department (advised by Clarke). The Department offered an independent study focused on researching Native American voices on the Dartmouth campus over time (supervised by Lind).

The Department can learn more about Dartmouth's Employee Resource Networks that support faculty and staff from underrepresented groups. Horiuchi has been a member of the leadership team for the Asia and Pacific Islander Caucus (APIC) and organized and participated in various events throughout the year.

And the Department remains steadfast that we will pause the conversation when someone’s words evoke racist and/or sexist ideas, and we will address those comments appropriately.

3. **We will offer additional courses that engage with these issues, and adjust existing courses to promote inclusion.**

After publishing the Vow to Act, the members of the Department have the following articles (published or forthcoming) on race and racism:

- “Do Identity Frames Impact Support for Multiracial Candidates? The Case of Kamala Harris” (Crabtree and Horiuchi, with a former student) -- forthcoming at the *Journal of Experimental Political Science*. 


“Are Americans Less Likely to Reply to Emails from Black People Relative to White People?" (Crabtree) -- published in Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences.

“Patient Traits Shape Healthcare Providers’ Choices on How to Best Allocate Life-Saving Care.” -- forthcoming at Nature Human Behavior.


The Department has developed the following new courses to advance these issues:

- “Race, Justice, and Law” in fall 2021 (Muirhead)
- “Soldier, Army, State, War,” in winter 2021 that addresses questions of race, ethnicity and gender in the study of war (Lyall)
- “The Intellectual History of Racism,” in spring 2021 (Clarke, co-taught with faculty from Middle Eastern Studies (funded by a DOF Innovative Course Award)).
- “Redistribution, Inequality, and Diversity” in winter 2022, has components addressing both racism and discrimination against immigrants (Ferwerda)
- “Theories of Racial Capitalism,” in winter 2022 (Pinheiro)

The Department offered 97 separate courses between Summer 2020 and Summer 2021, and revised the following 18 existing course sections to promote inclusion:

- “Recent Research in Social and Political Philosophy” added a racial justice component, making that addition explicit on the Registrar’s website. (Muirhead)
- “Psychology and International Politics” and “Public Opinion and American Foreign Policy” added supplemental reading assignments related to race and racism in IR and foreign policy public opinion (Powers)
- “Data Visualization” added topics related to race and racism, including visualizing data on hate crime, mass shooting, etc. (Horiuchi)
- In “Politics of Japan,” Horiuchi facilitated discussions about race, gender and immigration in Japan (Horiuchi)
- “International Politics” and “Violence and Security” added material on problems of commission and omission regarding race in the academic study of IR as well as studies that examine race, racism and racialized hierarchies in international politics (Wohlforth).
● “Quantitative Political Analysis” added emphasis on topics related to race and ethnicity, encouraging students to pursue research projects in these areas, which in turn funded 2 surveys through Lucid that addressed issues related to Race, Ethnicity and Politics (Crabtree)

● “Resistance and Collaboration” added readings that highlight the role of race and racism in counterinsurgency and occupation policies (Miller)

● “International Politics” added discussions on the syllabus about race and gender in International Relations (Lind)

● “Public Policy and Politics” added readings on race and policing as well as the inclusion of works by diverse scholars on policy feedback effects, especially as they pertain to minorities and underrepresented groups in America (Barabas)

● “The American Political System” and “American Political Behavior” added several modules and readings on race and racism and required students to watch videos of 5 speeches by Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. for both courses (Lacy)

● “Ethics, Economics, and the Environment,” “Justice and Work,” and “Political Ideas” added and expanded course materials related to race, racism, and inequality (Rose)

● “Political Representation in the U.S.” expanded sections and readings on race and inequality in political representation. (Costa) Lisa Baldez included components on race in every week of each of the two courses offered on the Washington DC Off-campus program for Spring 2021 (which was run virtually), Govt 94: American Social Movements Inside and Outside the State and Govt 95: Human Rights and Foreign Policy in the United States. The guest speakers for these two courses included prominent activists and scholars of race and politics in the United States, as well as others representing a diverse range of perspectives. The Ethics Institute, the Dickey Center, the Guarini Institute, and the Government Department provided funding for honoraria for these speakers.

Dartmouth faculty (Powers) attended a 2021 APSA session on structuring inclusion in political science departments and curricula. We will continue to consult resources available from the Dartmouth Center for the Advancement of Learning (DCAL), Student Accessibility Services (SAS), and the American Political Science Association (APSA) to structure our courses, syllabi, class meetings, and conversations in ways that invite engagement and foster inclusion.

The Registrar and Dean of Faculty have already identified classes and faculty related to research on race and racism in fall 2020. The Ethics Institute (directed by Bedi) has an ethics across the curriculum course guide with a category on “Racial Justice.”

Although there was enthusiasm for a working research group on issues of race and ethnicity, there was less enthusiasm for doing so over Zoom. The Department can revisit this idea now that in person instruction has resumed.
What We Must Do Better

Although the Government Department accomplished many concrete goals enumerated in the Vow to Act, we acknowledge that there are also things we must do better.

Notably, there was very little interest by members of the Department in contributing to this annual audit: when the Department Chair repeatedly emailed departmental faculty on September 17, 2021 asking for volunteers to serve on the Vow to Act Audit Committee, only two faculty responded. Although factors such as the COVID-19 pandemic contributed to the burden faculty faced at the beginning of the academic year, the Department will need to make greater efforts to maintain sustained attention to our commitment over the next four years. We have established clear procedures to ensure we produce our reports on a predictable timeline in the future.

Each year the Department chair will appoint a faculty committee with 3-4 members to review the Department's progress on the Vow to Act and produce an (internal) annual report. The report will cover the period from the beginning of the fall term through the end of the subsequent summer term. A draft report will be provided to the department no later than October 15. After candid deliberation and careful revision based on the feedback from other faculty members, the committee will finalize the annual report and the department will vote for its approval. Upon approval, in consultation with the committee, the department chair will publish an abridged version of the annual report (excluding private, personally identifying information) online on the department website no later than November 1.

The last report will be submitted and published in the fall of 2025, at which point the department will consider whether to renew and revise the Vow.

The Department has yet to explore ways to review student experiences in our courses beyond teaching evaluations. And the Department continues to encourage faculty to consult sources such as People of Color Also Know Stuff when inviting people to participate in our speaker series, organizing panels, and recommending colleagues for awards and leadership positions.

We will also make an effort to more systematically meet with and survey students to better understand their views on diversity within the department and the kinds of programming, policies and other changes they believe would make the Department more reflective of the diversity of our students and our nation. It is important to listen to the voices of all stakeholders, including our faculty members, the staff, and students. We will reach out to existing student groups working on issues of race, ethnicity, diversity and inclusion and social justice to determine if there are ways the government department can support their efforts. We will also encourage students to apply for the EE Just undergraduate fellowship program.

As the department acknowledges that we must do better if we hope to fulfil our commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion, we also call on the College to help us by living up to its own commitments. The College must be bolder in approving search requests, interviews and offers
– sometimes including simultaneous offers to excellent candidates – that would diversify the faculty. It must be more willing to devote resources to recruit diverse faculty, post-doctoral fellows, and to fund research related to race, identity and social justice. We can only succeed as a department with the full support of the College.

Our initial set of efforts during the first year focused on concrete and observable actions, including introducing new courses, organizing events, adding race-related content in our teaching materials, etc. We can report specific “outcomes” for these action items. But other essential components of diversity and inclusion outlined in the Vow to Act are harder to measure: We need to create diverse, equal, and inclusive environments, in which we – faculty members, staff, and students – can learn many perspectives through teaching, research, mentoring and other activities. With these efforts, we expect and hope to contribute to making better societies in the future.
Appendix:

Department of Government
Dartmouth College

The Department of Government joins our students, colleagues, and global community in the fight for racial justice. Political scientists have long examined the linkages between race, power, governance, and injustice, and faculty in the department are dedicated to advancing research in these areas. We recognize that we, as a profession and as a predominantly white department, need to do more to create an environment where everyone can thrive. The Department of Government is committed to building a welcoming environment in which we can learn together about race and racism. We vow to undertake measures to change our own behavior, to ensure that we provide opportunities to study race and racism in our curriculum, and to provide intellectual resources that expand opportunities to learn about the extent to which racism structures the political world. To that end, we commit to the following:

1. We will create new opportunities to listen to, and learn from, our students and colleagues.

2. We will deepen our commitment to diversity and inclusion within the department.

3. We will offer additional courses that engage with these issues, and adjust existing courses to promote inclusion.

4. We will hold ourselves accountable by setting deadlines and publicly reporting on our progress.

Specific Commitments

The Government Department makes the following commitments to our students, colleagues, and staff:

1. **We will create new opportunities to listen to, and learn from, our students and colleagues.**

   - In the 2020-2021 academic year, we will convene three faculty moderated conversations with Dartmouth students and alumni about their personal experiences with racial injustice and efforts to promote justice. We hope to use these conversations as a starting point for increasing communication about race and racism.
     - Fall: "Protesting for Racial Justice: Dartmouth Students on the Front Lines"
     - Winter: "Learning About Racial Justice: Students and Faculty Discuss the Classroom Experience"
○ Spring: "Working for Racial Justice: Government Department Alumni Talk about Careers in Social Justice"

- We will explore ways to review student experiences in the Government Department beyond teaching evaluations.
- We will engage other departments and programs in public conversations about race and racism.
- We will encourage faculty to consult sources such as People of Color Also Know Stuff when inviting people to participate in our speaker series, organizing panels, and recommending colleagues for awards and leadership positions.

2. We will deepen our commitment to diversity and inclusion within the department.

- We will review our hiring practices and redouble our efforts to diversify the faculty. We will continue to discuss how we can build a more diverse applicant pool and promote faculty diversity.
- We will nominate students for the Mellon Mays Undergraduate Program, the Ralph Bunche Summer Institute, and the Society for Political Methodology’s Undergraduate Initiative in Political Methodology.
- Every fall, we will contact student organizations, especially those representing underrepresented groups, with an offer to send a member of the Government Department to their meetings. Our goal in these meetings will be to learn more about student concerns and to explore possible connections with the Government Department and with student programs linked to the department.
- We will learn more about Dartmouth’s Employee Resource Networks that support faculty and staff from underrepresented groups.
- We will pause the conversation when someone’s words evoke racist and/or sexist ideas, and we will address those comments appropriately.
- We will establish two student research fellowships for the study of race and racism. These fellowships, which will begin in either Winter or Spring 2021, will take the form of independent studies under the supervision of a faculty adviser.
- We will create paid research assistantships to support students working with faculty members on research projects related to race and racism.
- We will strengthen Dartmouth’s exchange programs with Spelman College and Morehouse College by inviting researchers from these institutions to give talks here and offering to give research talks at these institutions, as well as other Historically Black Colleges and Universities.
- We will attend receptions for underrepresented minorities at professional conferences and send at least one faculty member to the National Conference of Black Political Scientists to learn from black political scientists and build professional networks.

3. We will offer additional courses that engage with these issues, and adjust existing courses to promote inclusion.
• We will identify classes and faculty and student research related to race and racism on our website.
• We will expand content relevant to race and racism in our existing curriculum.
• We will offer new courses that explore race and racism.
• We will consult resources available from the Dartmouth Center for the Advancement of Learning (DCAL), Student Accessibility Services (SAS), and the American Political Science Association (APSA) to structure our courses, syllabi, class meetings, and conversations in ways that invite engagement and foster inclusion.
• We will introduce a new Government Department research group focusing on race and ethnicity.

4. We will hold ourselves accountable by setting deadlines and publicly reporting on our progress.

• For the next five years, we will produce an annual report outlining the Government Department’s actions relating to the commitments listed above.
• We will publicly report on our progress.
• We will engage our students in developing additional mechanisms of accountability.